

Our trade with Canada is increasing. For the year ending June 30, 1883, the total exports from the Hamilton district, as reported by Mr. Frank Leland, was \$2,018,641.

The only thing that can muzzle Henry Waterson on the tariff question is the candidacy of Elden. If Tilden runs, as he says he will, he will have no more free trade in the democratic platform. He believes as Carter Harrison does that the issue will knock the democratic party higher than Gilderoy's kite.

The Western Farmer makes these editorial remarks on the removal of General Harnden: "Our remarks on the ousting of the old veteran General Harnden, from the office of U. S. collector, are entirely from a non-political standpoint. We have in our list of readers and supporters of the Farmer not less than 1,200 war veterans, and the growls that are coming to us are indicative of a row which will not be put down. Men of both parties consider the thing an outrage; and republicans are plenty that declare it a dangerous course for their party leaders to pursue. Better heed the wishes of the veterans, to a limited extent, or they will be obliged to take the reins of the two great political parties, leaving some of the stay-at-homers out in the cold."

The ninth annual encampment of the Monona Lake Assembly will open on their beautiful grounds at Lakeside, on the shore of Lake Monona, within one mile of the state capitol at Madison, on Tuesday, the 21st inst., and continue two weeks. The programme presents unusual attractions. The lecturers embrace some of the ablest men in the land. The musical department will be under the direction of Prof. W. F. Sherwin, and will be exceedingly attractive. The Wilberforce concert company, a fine troupe of colored vocalists, will be in attendance during the entire session. The Sunday school work, under the charge of Rev. A. H. Gillet, A. M., superintendent of instruction, will be of great interest and value. The northwestern branch of the institute of christian philosophy, organized in connection with the assembly, will hold daily sessions. There will be "special days" the exercise of which will be of peculiar interest. All the principal railroads in the state will carry passengers at excursion rates, and the Chicago & Northwestern and the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul roads will both land passengers near the assembly grounds. Programmes of each day, and of each hour of the day, of the cost of tents, etc., the expense of living, etc., can be had, free of charge, on application to Samuel D. Hastings, Madison, Wisconsin.

CONDENSED NEWS.

The death rate of the past week in New York was 1,110 which is considered very high.

Cetewayo's followers massacred fifty Zulu men, women and children at White river.

Denis Kearney was refused permission to address the Central Labor union in New York.

The wire works at East Haven, Conn., employing 300 men, were damaged to the amount of \$50,000 by fire.

The various buildings of the Vulcan furnace, at Newbury, Mich., valued at \$150,000, were swept away by fire.

Nine companies of the First regiment of Chicago have gone by special train to Lake Geneva to spend a week in camp.

Exports report that from one excavation in the neighborhood of Aurora, Ind., five feet by six, \$3 worth of gold was taken.

Ten deaths from black measles have occurred at St. Mary's industrial school, near Baltimore, and fifteen inmates are now prostrate.

It is reported that the banks of Buffalo have \$201,000 invested in paper drawn by Frederick Smith, a lumberman of Tonawanda, who has fled and is insolvent.

While swimming near Paris, Tenn., Elijah Hayes and killed McCannell got into a quarrel. The latter killed his friend with a revolver, and then fell dead from remorse.

The anniversary of the destruction of the Basile was celebrated in Paris with great spirit. The chief feature was the unveiling of the statue of the republic, in presence of the senators and deputies.

John McCullough, the tragedian, was recently caught in a storm while fishing near Quincy, Illinois, and was prostrated by a chill. He has cancelled all engagements for the season, and goes to the seashore for the summer.

When Mr. Richey was sworn in as lieutenant-governor of Nova Scotia he was not given authority to sign marriage licenses through an oversight, and the legal unions can take place in the province unless the secret be published.

Telegraph operators have held secret meetings at many points throughout the country. They generally seem to feel that the Western Union company will make concessions all along the lines and avoid the chance of a strike.

The postmaster at New York reports that the prescribed letter officials have transferred almost all their money business to Chicago. It is predicted that Postmaster General Gresham will soon extend his prohibition to all postoffices.

Those members of Apollo commandery, of Chicago, who participate in the trip to Europe have reached New York. They were met at the depot by representative Sir Knights and escorted by Palestine commandery to the wharf of the steamship City of Rome.

The people in Denver, in arranging for the entertainment of the Grand Army of the Republic, have erected 1,500 wall tents on a plateau which furnishes a view of the mountains for 200 miles and have placed in position cooking apparatus to accommodate 20,000 veterans.

Peter McGee's creditors have signed the compromise paper, and \$50,000 cash to settle will be sent to Chicago. The land reclamation there is running night and day, and yet are fifteen days behind in filling orders. Shipments for the past four have been over \$3,000,000.

The attorney general of Illinois has given the state veterinarian an opinion to the effect that he can order quarantine of any premises where he finds horses afflicted with glanders, and such animals can be slaughtered on the certificate of a practicing physician or of a consulting veterinarian.

TELEGRAPH TROUBLES.

The Situation Among the Telegraph Operators Ominous of a Strike
—Talk on Both Sides.

A Statement of the Operators' Demands — Assistance of the Knights of Labor.

Chicago, July 15.—The Western Union Telegraph operators in this city and elsewhere, who are reported to be ready at any time to go on a strike, will make the following demands on their employers:

"First, eight hours to constitute a day's work, instead of nine and a half, as at present; second, seven hours to be a night's work, instead of eight and a half; third, no Sunday work without compensation therefor. The night men are now required to work every Sunday night without extra pay, and the day men work on Sunday in six. Fourth, an increase of 15 per cent on all salaries now paid."

Meetings will be held in this and other cities, and the men will formulate their demands, which will be presented in the shape of a bill of grievances, to the officials of the Western Union company. The company will be given forty-eight hours to reply, after which the operators' organization will decide the matter. Many of the leading operators in the movement say that they expect to strike, but probably not before August 1.

A prominent member of the Brotherhood of Telegraphers was asked if there was any truth in the statement of the Western Union officers that it would cost the Knights of Labor \$20,000 to support the striking operators for one week.

"No," he replied, "if we strike we will not be obliged to call on the Knights of Labor for one week, or perhaps for a month. But we have assurances that every one of the 80,000 members of the Knights of Labor will contribute \$2 to an aid fund should we stand in need of one. I may say that we have the heartiest sympathy of the Knights of Labor in our movement."

"It is said that in case of an emergency the Western Union will use the automatic system called the Wheatstone for the handling of business."

"It is so understood," was the reply, "but the Western Union will find, in the event of a strike, that most of the men capable of using the Wheatstone system are on our side."

"It is true that since the consolidation the Western Union ordered a reduction of salaries of the Mutual Union operators."

"It is true, and I may add the Western Union contemplates a further reduction of the wages of Mutual Union men. We are all united, and our effort to have our grievances redressed will be a determined one."

The mode of procedure with the Knights of Labor is for the discontented party to formally make its demands. If the demands are refused by the employers, then the matter is laid before the Supreme council of the Knights of Labor. Should the council determine that the demands are just, a committee is sent to argue the matter with the employers and to try to induce the latter to come to terms. Should the committee fail to secure a peaceable settlement of the points of difference, a strike is then ordered, and the Knights of Labor will co-operate with the striking body and afford such material assistance as the occasion may require.

But should the Brotherhood of Telegraphers or any other body strike on its own responsibility it will be left to fight its own battle. As the mode of procedure referred to will take some time, an immediate strike is not to be apprehended.

New York, July 15.—The movements of the leading members of the telegraph brotherhood are watched with a great deal of interest just now, both by the officers and agents of the telegraph companies and by the lower grade of operators who hope that the present agitation may result in improving their condition. Members of the brotherhood are reticent as to their plans. All sorts of rumors were circulated about the day as to what was to be done. One of them was that the executive committee of seven appointed by the brotherhood to present the demands to the operators to the officers of the company had formally presented their petition, and that the executive committee of the Western Union was considering the matter, and would decide soon whether or not the request of the committee should be complied with. It was further reported that if the concessions asked for were refused all the members of the brotherhood would quit work. It was very difficult to obtain any information from the operators in the Western Union building. Many of them refused absolutely to say anything about the matter.

Mr. John Mitchell, editor of The Telegrapher's Advocate, said: "Nobody is authorized to make any statements for publication as to what the brotherhood intends to do."

An enthusiastic brother, when asked about the strike, said: "The fun of it is that our organization is so perfect that the officials of the company cannot put their hands on a member for certain. We are in constant communication every day at the expense of the company, and with all their vigilance, they cannot help it. We can converse freely on our cipher, which is an enigma to any one not in possession of the key. No spy can detect us, because, if he hears a dispatch, he cannot tell what it means, and if one of them undertakes to talk with one of our men he is sure to be exposed the first sentence. If a strike does begin, it will be felt first at North Sidney, where the cables join the land lines and where experienced operators are needed. The next place will be at Duxbury, Mass., where the land lines join the French cable. If we do strike, you may be certain it will be in a place where it will be felt."

The officers of the Western Union company were apparently in tranquil frames of mind, and smiled sarcastically when asked about the threatened "strike" or "resignations" of the operators. Mr. W. C. Humstone, superintendent of the operating department, said that the operators were dissatisfied with the present condition of affairs. He expected no trouble, and declared that the company would not increase the wages of its operators 15 per cent. Another officer of the Western Union said: "There is no strike. There are 200 many telegraph operators out of situations waiting a chance to slide in to permit a strike to be successful. The operators may make some requests, and if they are not unreasonable the company will give them careful and business-like consideration."

Green's Victoria.

London, July 15.—The Queen has changed her intention to go to Italy for the purpose of visiting her subjects that she had regained her strength. She has now decided to return to Balmoral in August. The fact is that The Queen goes out of its way to make the trip called for statement that there is nothing in the present state of the queen's health to create alarm or anxiety.

Sir Philip Miles Leigh court collection of paintings, including some of the most valuable pictures extant, has been purchased by William H. Vanderbilt for \$1,100,000. The collection of the Miles family, and was only released from entail by a recent act of parliament. The sale was conducted with great privacy.

Why No Downcast.

True, you are in a miserable condition—you are weak, pale and nervous. You cannot sleep at night, nor enjoy your

waking hours; yet why lose heart? Get at the druggist a bottle of *Burdock Blood Purifier*. They will restore you to health and peace of mind.

Sold by Palmer & Stevens and Sherer & Co.

TWO PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATES

Arthur and Tilden Undoubtedly in the Race.

CHICAGO, July 15.—A New York special to The Tribune says: There is no longer any doubt that there are two citizens of New York who are presidential candidates. They are Chester A. Arthur and Samuel J. Tilden. There are a good many outward indications that Gen. Arthur has decided to submit himself as a candidate to the Republican national committee. This is no longer a surprise. Gen. Arthur has not authorized any one to make any such announcement, but he begins to talk about it to those with whom he is the most intimate, and he is forming plans which are unquestionably in view of a candid nature.

To prominent Republicans from different parts of the country who have talked with him within two weeks he has created the impression that he is in the field. One Republican leader who has not hitherto thought that Arthur was a candidate, after a prolonged interview with him some time since expressed the opinion that he was a very decided candidate. His New York friends no longer make any comment on the fact. His recent movements in New York politics can all be explained better upon the theory of his candidacy than on any other hypothesis. The details of the trip which he is now arranging lead to show the same thing. He has abandoned his purpose to go to New York and the fashionable custom watering places. He will go west, and will start early in August, and will keep his word. From there he will go to Chicago, where he expects to remain some days. He has left to Gen. Sherman the details of the Yellowstone trip. It is reported here that 150 horses have already been provided for the Presidential party. The trip will probably last six weeks.

Samuel J. Tilden is a candidate. An old Tilden campaigner said last night: "If Tilden is a candidate, about August you will hear of his renewed vitality. You will see it reported that he has taken a ride on horseback in the park; the old gentleman will begin to be frisky." He is frisky. But the public is not to be left to consider him an inferential candidate only. Information received from New York makes it certain that the Saratoga interview in The New York Times and Chicago Tribune was an authorized declaration of the fact that Tilden is in the field. The manuscript of the interview, there is good reason to believe, was submitted to Mr. Tilden before it was published. If the name of the gentleman with whom the interview was had could be given it would carry conviction as to the accuracy of the statements to all New York politicians. Mr. Dana, in his San Francisco interview, was very much surprised at the publication of this interview. He declares with instant emphasis that the report is not true. Dana's theory is that Tilden ought not to permit it to be known so soon that he is a candidate; that the announcement will hurt his chances; that there may be stronger organizations to defeat him, and that the candidacy should be sprung very much later. Dana is, of course, a good friend of Tilden, but he is not an active advisor in this matter. The announcement of Tilden's candidacy is authentic. There are no prominent Democrats here now. The few congressmen who are here think that the knowledge of Tilden's candidacy may have some influence upon the speaker's campaign, but they are not able to define in what particular Gen. Arthur's friends think that Tilden should be nominated it would be very vital to the Republican party that the Republican candidate should also come from New York.

STANDS BY HER CHILD.

Grace Courtland States why She Wants to Horsewife a Press Correspondent.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 15.—The horse-whipping administered to Will C. Jones by Grace Courtland, the "Witch of Wall Street," and the scandal out of which the affair grew have been the sensation of the day.

Grace Courtland and her daughter, Maria, both elegantly attired, made their appearance on the street, and inquired where they could find the local correspondent of the Chicago paper who caused the details of the scandal to be published, expressing her intention to horsewife him. Mrs. Courtland said: "I cannot deny the truth of the report as published so far as it relates to the mistake, but my child has made a terrible mistake, as thousands of other poor girls have done; but she is my daughter still, and I intend to stand by her and see her through her trouble. What I object to and the reason why I intend to horsewife that reporter lies in the fact that the matter was published and the shame that has come into my daughter's life given to the public. Such publication did nobody any good, and it has damaged her for life. I will teach that reporter to know that, though Grace Courtland is broken down with sorrow over her child's misfortune, she still has an arm strong enough to punish the man who would transform that misfortune into a public life-long disgrace." She also expressed a purpose to administer further punishment to Jones, and submit to Jones' wife and her father the written evidence that Jones had proposed to marry her daughter, and that she had accepted him, and to marry his former victim.

The wronged daughter also expressed a desire to meet Jones again in order that she may supplement the chastisement inflicted by the mother by another equally severe. But they did not succeed in finding either the Chicago paper's correspondent or Jones, and they returned to the Plankinton house. Later in the day they were summoned to police headquarters, where they were charged with a halfpenny with Grace Courtland. When they emerged from the chief's office they were surrounded by an eager group of newspaper men, who inquired the occasion of the chief's summons.

"The fact is," said Mrs. Courtland, "that that correspondent has sought police protection, and Mr. Watson wishes me to promise that I shall commit no act of violence."

"And what did you promise?" was asked.

"I promised nothing except that I would manage this affair in my own way, and stand prepared to take the consequences. I am a woman alone, and there is nothing for me to do but to take this matter in my own hands."

Mother and daughter attract universal attention wherever they appear.

Farnell on Irish Prospects.

LONDON, July 15.—In an interview Mr. Farnell says: "I think the results of the coming election are fairly indicated by the result in Monaghan. The Protestant Irishmen voted for Mr. Healy, and I believe they will vote for Ireland's interests elsewhere, without regard to religion or prejudice, to a woman alone, and there is nothing for me to do but to take this matter in my own hands."

Journalistic Enterprise.

LONDON, July 15.—The Times issues now a halfpenny (1 cent) morning paper, being a condensation of its larger edition. This of course of The Times is intended to effect a revolution in the English press.

Gen. Sherman on Newspapers.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—The Capital publishes the following gossip: A few days after the taking of Savannah—his present to Mr. Lincoln on the Christmas of 1864—Gen. Sherman came around from the captured city to Beaufort, S. C., from which point he designed to send Howard's division to "blaze" its way through the Carolinas. A young man who was then publishing an army paper called the Free South at Beaufort called on him at General Saxton's headquarters and asked permission to take his printing material to Savannah, there to publish a daily. General Sherman glared at the presumptuous youth for an instant, and then said: "No, sir; there ought not to be a newspaper or a newspaper man within a thousand miles of an army. Newspapers and preachers brought on the war, and if they have their way, it will never end. No, sir! You newspaper men had me put down as a crazy man two years ago, and very nearly made the country believe it. No, sir! I had my way there never, was not another newspaper published anywhere."

Do It With Pleasure.

Wangler Bros., druggists, of Waterloo, Iowa, write: "We can with pleasure say that *Thomas' Electric Oil* gives the best satisfaction of any liniment we sell. Everybody who buys will have no other. This remedy is a certain cure for all aches, sprains and pains."

Sold by Palmer & Stevens and Sherer & Co.

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We have made great reduction in prices of Cloaks, Mantles and Suits, to close them out

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, The late fashionable styles in Summer Neckwear, Collars, Handkerchiefs, etc., etc. Summer Underwear in all qualities.

Silks.

We are showing a large stock of Silks at very low prices. Black Silks from 62c upward. Colored Silks from 75 cents upward. Samples will be sent upon application.

Hamburgs, Etc.

We have just received late importations in Hamburgs, and now offer a larger and better stock than ever before. All qualities, from the lowest to the highest, at prices to compete with any house in this country.

Linen Lawns, Maslins, "Linen de Dacca," Dacca Plaids, Swiss Muslins, Princess Lawns, Batistes, Nainsooks and all other desirable white goods.

T. A. Chapman & Co. Cor. Milwaukee and Wisconsin Sts. MILWAUKEE.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your sleep by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth? If so, send at once for a bottle of *Mrs. Winslow's Sorely Suffering Baby's Remedy*. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhoea, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind, colic, softens the gums, soothes and quiets the child, and gives energy to the whole system. *Mrs. Winslow's Sorely Suffering Baby's Remedy* is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle. *marlin-wiswady*

PERSONAL TO MEN ONLY!

The Verrill Bros. Co., Marshall, Mich., will send Dr. Verrill's Kidney and Bladder Pills and Electric Appliances on trial for thirty days to men (young or old) who are afflicted with any of the following troubles: Backache, neuralgia, rheumatism, kidney and bladder troubles, gonorrhea, and all other ailments, guaranteeing speedy and complete restoration of health and vigor. Address: Verrill Bros. Co., Marshall, Mich. It is offered as a thirty days' trial is allowed.

For sale and warranted by PRENTICE & EVENSON, Opposite Postoffice, Janesville, Wis.

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NEW Attractions

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Liquor, Both Domestic and Imported, Call and Look Over Our Stock

CROFT & WHITON.

For sale and warranted by PRENTICE & EVENSON, Opposite Postoffice, Janesville, Wis.

From Hand to Mouth

Is the way we have been buying goods this Spring, and we hit the nail on the head in so doing, as owing to the backward season and consequent dull trade in the jobbing business, prices have steadily declined. A few days since we purchased a nice line of

STRAW HATS,

WHITE VESTS,

50 Cents on a Dollar

Of the cost to manufacture- We are willing to sell these goods at a very close profit, and it costs you nothing to see them at

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PALMER & STEVEN'S DRUG STORE.

Soda Water

Shoulder BRACES

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SHOULDER BRACES

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CROFT & WHITON.

For sale and warranted by PRENTICE & EVENSON, Opposite Postoffice, Janesville, Wis.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—County Court
of Lydia S. Spaulding, deceased.
Letters of administration having been issued
to J. M. Goodway, and the time
for creditors to present their claims for
allowance having been limited to the 31st day of
February next, inclusive, notice is hereby given
that this court, at the office of the Judge there-
of, in the city of Jameville, in this county,
at the next February term, to be held on the
15th day of February next, from 10 o'clock, p.
m. to 12 o'clock, m., will receive and
adjust all claims and demands of all per-
sons against said deceased.—Dated June 25th,
1884.

By the Court, AMOS P. PRITCHARD,
Judge
Jas2ducw1w County Judge.

"Our Flag Is Still There."

Mrs. S. B. LONGFELLOW, Augusta, Me., coast side river, writes us under date of April 15, 1883:

"The whom it may concern: This may certify that two years ago I was very badly afflicted with kidney and urinary difficulties, which extended through the system and laid me to bed twice, so that I could do no work. I had the most skillful physician in town, who gave me no assistance. Hearing of Hunt's Remedy, I got a bottle, and half of it cured me entirely, so that I have been well ever since. The other half I gave to a neighbor who was afflicted much as I was, and it restored him to health. I can truly say Hunt's Remedy has been of great and inexpressive worth to me."

Prof. Rorsford's Baking Powder.

A SUPERIOR SUBSTITUTE.

Prof. J. C. Booth, of Philadelphia, the distinguished chemist, says: "We have no hesitation in recommending your preparation as a superior substitute for cream of tartar in the preparation of bread."

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